

PHRYNOHYAS CORIACEA (Suriname Golden-eyed Treefrog).
GUYANA: POTARO-SIPARUNI: Kaieteur National Park
(05°10'23"N, 59°28'52"W, ca. 350 m elevation). August 2004. Col-
lected by local people. Royal Belgian Institute of Natural Sciences,
Brussels, Belgium (IRSNB 13672). Verified by C. Lac-Hair. Adult
male (60.8 mm SVL) collected in primary submontane forest of
the Pakaraima uplands on white sands (ter Steege 2001. National
Vegetation Map of Guyana, Guyana Forestry Commission,
Georgetown). First described from Suriname, the species is also
known to occur in the upper Amazon Basin in Ecuador, Peru,
Bolivia, downstream to Manaus, Brazil, and in French Guiana (De

la Riva et al. 2000. Rev. Esp. Herpetol. 14:19–164; Frost 1985. Amphibian Species of the World - A Taxonomic and Geographical Reference. Allen Press and the Assoc. of Syst. Coll., Lawrence, Kansas. 732 pp.; Lescure and Marty 2000. Atlas des Amphibiens de Guyane. SPN/MNHN, Paris, Patrim. Nat. 45:1–388 ; Peters 1867. Monatsber. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin 1867:703–712; Zimmerman and Rodrigues 1990. In Gentry [ed.], Four Neotropical Rainforests, pp. 60–74. Yale Univ. Press, New Haven). First country record, and westernmost locality for the species on the Guiana Shield and northernmost locality in South America. This location extends the range of *P. coriacea* ca. 500 km W of the previously westernmost known locality in Suriname (“Sporbaan”) (Duellman 1971. Occ. Pap. Mus. Nat. Hist. Univ. Kansas 4:1–21).

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